

From the progressive State of Idaho:

TITLE 67
STATE GOVERNMENT AND STATE AFFAIRS
CHAPTER 65

LOCAL LAND USE PLANNING

67-6523. EMERGENCY ORDINANCES AND MORATORIUMS. If a governing board finds that an imminent peril the public health, safety, or requires adoption of ordinances as required or authorized under this chapter, or adoption of a moratorium upon the issuance of selected classes of permits, or both, it shall state in writing its reasons for that finding. The governing board may then proceed without recommendation of a commission, upon any abbreviated notice of hearing that it finds practical, to adopt the ordinance or moratorium. An emergency ordinance or moratorium may be effective for a period of not longer than one hundred eighty-two (182) days. Restrictions established by an emergency ordinance or moratorium may not be imposed for consecutive periods. Further, an intervening period of not less than one (1) year shall exist between an emergency ordinance or moratorium and reinstatement of То the same. restrictions established by an emergency ordinance or moratorium beyond the one hundred eighty-two (182) day period, a governing board adopt an interim or regular ordinance, following the notice and hearing procedures provided in section 67-6509, Idaho Code. 67-6524. INTERIM ORDINANCES AND MORATORIUMS. If a governing board finds that a plan, a component, or an amendment to a plan is being prepared for its jurisdiction, it may interim ordinances as required or authorized under this chapter, following the notice

hearing procedures provided in section 67-6509, Idaho Code. The governing board may also adopt interim moratorium upon the issuance selected classes of permits if, in addition to the foregoing, the governing board finds and states in writing that an imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare requires the adoption of an interim moratorium. An interim ordinance or moratorium shall state a definite period of time, not to exceed one (1) calendar year, when it shall be in full force and effect. To sustain restrictions established interim ordinance or moratorium, a governing board must adopt a regular ordinance, following the notice and hearing procedures provided in section 67-6509, Idaho Code.

This is the notice and hearing procedure:

67-6509. RECOMMENDATION AND ADOPTION, AMENDMENT, AND REPEAL OF THE PLAN. (a) The planning planning and zoning commission, prior recommending the plan, amendment, or repeal of the plan to the governing board, shall conduct at least one (1) public hearing in interested persons shall have an opportunity to be heard. At least fifteen (15) days prior to the hearing, notice of the time and place and a summary of the plan to be discussed shall be published in the official newspaper or paper of general circulation within the jurisdiction. The commission shall also make available a notice to other papers, radio and television stations serving the jurisdiction for use as a public service announcement. Notice of intent to adopt, repeal or amend the plan shall be sent to all political subdivisions providing services within the planning jurisdiction, including districts, at least fifteen (15) days prior to

the public hearing scheduled by the commission. Following the commission hearing, commission recommends a material change to the proposed amendment to the plan which considered at the hearing, it shall give notice its proposed recommendation and conduct another public hearing concerning the matter if the governing board will not conduct subsequent public hearing concerning proposed amendment. If the governing board will conduct a subsequent public hearing, notice of the planning and zoning commission recommendation shall be included in the notice of public hearing provided by the governing board. A record of the hearings, findings made, and actions taken by the commission shall be maintained by the city or county.

- The governing board, as provided by local ordinance, prior to adoption, amendment, repeal of the plan, may conduct at least one (1) public hearing, in addition to the public hearing(s) conducted by the commission, using the same notice and hearing procedures as the commission. The governing board shall not hold a public hearing, give notice of a proposed hearing, nor take action upon the amendments, or repeal until recommendations have been received from the commission. Following consideration by the governing board, if the governing board makes a material change in the recommendation or alternative options contained in recommendation by the commission concerning adoption, amendment or repeal of a plan, further notice and hearing shall be provided before the governing board adopts, amends or repeals the plan.
- (c) No plan shall be effective unless adopted by resolution by the governing board. A

resolution enacting or amending a plan or part of a plan may be adopted, amended, or repealed by definitive reference to the specific plan document. A copy of the adopted or amended plan shall accompany each adopting resolution and shall be kept on file with the city clerk or county clerk.

(d) Any person may petition the commission or, in absence of a commission, the governing board, for a plan amendment at any time. The commission may recommend amendments to the land use map component of the comprehensive plan governing board not more frequently than once The commission every six (6) months. recommend the of amendments to text the comprehensive plan and to other ordinances authorized by this chapter to the governing board at any time.

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component, or an amendment to a plan is being prepared for its jurisdiction, it may interim ordinances as required or authorized under this chapter, following the notice

hearing procedures provided in section 67-6509, Idaho Code. The governing board may also adopt interim moratorium upon the issuance selected classes of permits if, in addition to the foregoing, the governing board finds and states in writing that an imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare requires the adoption of an interim moratorium. An interim ordinance or moratorium shall state a definite period of time, not to exceed one (1) calendar year, when it shall be in full force and effect. To sustain restrictions established bv interim ordinance or moratorium, a governing board must adopt a regular ordinance, following the notice and hearing procedures provided in section 67-6509, Idaho Code.

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- The governing board, as provided by local ordinance, prior to adoption, amendment, repeal of the plan, may conduct at least one (1) public hearing, in addition to the public hearing(s) conducted by the commission, using the same notice and hearing procedures as the commission. The governing board shall not hold a public hearing, give notice of a proposed hearing, nor take action upon the amendments, or repeal until recommendations have been received from the commission. Following consideration by the governing board, if the governing board makes a material change in the recommendation or alternative options contained in recommendation the by the commission concerning adoption, amendment or repeal of a further notice and hearing shall provided before the governing board adopts, amends or repeals the plan.
- (c) No plan shall be effective unless adopted by resolution by the governing board. A

resolution enacting or amending a plan or part of a plan may be adopted, amended, or repealed by definitive reference to the specific plan document. A copy of the adopted or amended plan shall accompany each adopting resolution and shall be kept on file with the city clerk or county clerk.

(d) Any person may petition the commission or, in absence of a commission, the governing board, for a plan amendment at any time. The commission may recommend amendments to the land use map component of the comprehensive plan the governing board not more frequently than once six (6) months. The commission may recommend amendments to the text of the comprehensive plan and to other ordinances authorized by this chapter to the governing board at any time.